

**Solid Rock Christian Church Manassas, Virginia**

**Bible Study - January 25, 2024**

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**Title: Christology - The Doctrine of Christ - Part II**

**The Man Christ Jesus**

**I. Introduction**

A. In our previous lesson it was stated that Jesus Christ is the theme of Scripture and every book of the Old Testament foretold of His coming.

B. We also discussed the names of Christ and His three offices (i.e., prophet, priest, and King).

C. This week's lesson will cover the man Christ Jesus, His humanity, nature, and His deity.

**II. The Man Christ Jesus**

A. Scripture is very clear that Jesus was born of a woman (Mary), (Matt. 1:22-2:1; Lue 2:7).

B. Additionally, Luke 2:40 informs us that the child (Jesus) "grew and waxed strong in spirit, filled with wisdom: and the grace of God was upon him."

C. Jesus was both fully God, and fully man.

**III. The Nature of Christ**

**A. The humanity of Jesus Christ**

1. We speak of the Lord Jesus Christ as being perfect God

and perfect man; 100 percent God and 100 percent man.

2. Some cults emphasize the humanity of Christ to the exclusion of His deity. But the Scriptures teach both.
3. As a perfect man He can empathize with us in our problems (Heb. 4:15).
4. As perfect God He could die on a cross for the sins of the world. Jesus Christ was both God and man!

**B. Jesus Christ was a man**

**1. He had a human parent.**

- a. Mary is called His mother (Matt. 1:18; 2:11; 13:5). Jesus was born of the seed of a woman (Gal. 3:15; 4:4). He did not have a human father; Joseph was like a foster father.

**2. He had human names.**

- (a) Jesus
- (b) Son of man
- (c) Jesus of Nazareth
- (d) The man Christ Jesus

**3. He had a human appearance.**

- (a) He was Jewish (John 4:9; 20:14-15; 21:4-5).

**4. He possessed the essential elements of a physical nature - body (John 19:38-40), soul (Mark 14:34), and spirit (John 13:21).**

**5. He had human sinless infirmities.**

- (a) Hunger (Matt. 4:2)
  - (b) Thirst (John 19:28)
  - (c) Fatigue (Matt. 8:24)
  - (d) Weariness (John 4:6)
  - (e) Agony (Luke 22:44)
6. He developed in the usual, normal way of **human development**. (Luke 2:40, 52).

C. Jesus Christ had **human characteristics**.

**1. Humility and love**

- (a) He washed His disciples' feet. (John 13:14-15)
- (b) He laid down His life for His friends (John 15:13)

**2. Meekness** (Matt. 11:28-30; 2 Tim. 2:24-25).

**Comments:**

- 1) Meekness is defined as an attitude of mind opposed to contentiousness. The meek person does not look for a fight, but that **does not** mean that they are incapable of defending themselves.
- 2) When a meek person is afflicted they would **rather** suffer wrong than do wrong. They seek **not** revenge but **reverence for God**.

**Point: Meekness is strength under control!!**

**A Deeper Look at the Meekness of the Lord Jesus Christ**

- Jesus Christ was a perfect example of meekness. Although He had Omnipotence (He was all-powerful) in His Being, He controlled it in a true spirit of meekness and humility.

"He was oppressed, and he was afflicted, yet he opened not his mouth." (Isa. 53:7)

"And in thy majesty ride prosperously because of truth and meekness and righteousness; and thy right hand shall teach thee terrible things." (Ps. 45:4)

**A Question for Consideration:** During those times when you get angry, do you need to remain quiet? (Consider Eccl. 7:9; Eph. 4:26)

### 3. Balance

- a. Jesus Christ is our example of balance. He could weep over a city (Luke 19:41-44) and a few minutes later cast wicked men out of the temple (Luke 19:45-48). He was a perfect balance of love and justice.

D. Jesus Christ performed **human activities**.

#### 1. He Prayed.

"And in the morning, rising up a great while before day, he went out, and departed into a solitary place, and there prayed." (Mark 1:35)

**Comment:** If Jesus Christ, who had unbroken fellowship with His heavenly Father, made time for prayer, how much more should we?

#### 2. He worked. (John 5:17, 36; Matt. 13:54-55; Mark 6:3)

#### 3. He learned.

- a. Although as God Christ is Omniscient, as a man He willingly kept within Himself certain knowledge so He

could legitimately learn information as any normal human being.

b. How He was able to do this is just one of the many mysteries of the **Hypostatic Union** (Jesus was 100 percent God and 100 percent man).

(1) The Bible says that Christ learned obedience. (Heb. 5:8; Phil. 2:8)

(2) Luke 2:52 indicates that Christ "**increased**" physically, intellectually, spiritually, and socially.

#### **IV. The Deity of Jesus Christ**

A. Jesus Christ performed **divine activities**.

1. He **created**. (John 1:1-3; Col. 1:16; Heb. 1:1-2)

"God ... hath ... spoken unto us by his Son, ... by whom also he made the worlds." (Heb. 1:1-2)

2. He **forgave sin**. (Matt. 9:1-8)

"And, behold, they brought to him a man sick of the palsy, lying on a bed: and Jesus seeing their faith said unto the sick of the palsy; Son, be of good cheer; thy sins be forgiven thee." (Matt. 9:2)

3. He **exercised judgment**.

"... the Lord Jesus Christ, who shall judge the quick and the dead at his appearing and his kingdom." (2 Tim. 4:1)

#### **Comments:**

1) Unbelievers are often bothered by the picture of the loving

Savior as a righteous Judge. But the Bible points out that holiness is consistent with Christ's character.

- 2) This holiness demands that all sin be punished. John 5:22 indicates that God "the Father judgeth no man, but hath committed all judgment unto the Son."
- 3) The picture of Christ at His Second Coming is quite graphic: "And he was clothed with a vesture dipped in blood: and his name is called The Word of God ... And out of his mouth goeth a sharp sword, that with it he should smite the nations: and he shall rule them with a rod of iron: and he treadeth the winepress of the fierceness and wrath of Almighty God." (Rev. 19:13-15)

4. He was **worshipped**

- a. He accepted worship that was rightfully refused by men (Acts 10:25-26) and angels (Rev. 22:8-9).

**Point:** This shows that He must have been more than a man or an angel. He must have been and still is God - The Son!

- b. He accepted prayers that were made to Him.

"And whatsoever ye shall ask in my name, that will I do, that the Father may be glorified in the Son. If ye shall ask anything in my name, I will do it." (John 14:13-14).

5. He had a **divine conception**. (Matt. 1:20; John 8:42)

6. He had **divine names** (or titles).

- a. God
- b. Son of God
- c. Lord

d. Immanuel

7. He had a **divine appearance** at will. (Luke 9:27-36)

8. He has divine **characteristics or attributes**.

a. He is **eternal**

"In the beginning was the word." (John 1:8)

"Jesus Christ the same yesterday, and to day, and for ever." (Heb. 13:8)

"I am Alpha and Omega, the beginning and the ending, saith the Lord, which is and which was, and which is to come, the Almighty." (Rev. 1:8)

b. He is **Omnipresent** (everywhere at the same time).

"For where two or three are gathered together in my name, there am I in the midst of them." (Matt. 18:20)

"... lo, I am with you alway, even unto the end of the world." (Matt. 28:20)

c. He is **Omniscient** (all knowing).

"But he knew their thoughts." (Luke 6:8)

"... Jesus answered and said unto him, Before that Philip called thee, when thou wast under the fig tree, I saw thee." (John 1:48)

e. He is **Omnipotent** (all powerful)

1. His miracles proved that He is God (Acts 2:22; Matt. 8:27; Mark 1:27; 2:5-10; John 3:2; 9:33).

**Points:**

- 1) The motive of Christ's miracles was to demonstrate revealed truth.
- 2) They were used by Him for three reasons:
  - a. To show His deity. (John 20:30-31)
  - b. To draw attention to His message (John 6:26-27)
  - c. To show His sovereignty. (Heb. 2:3-4)
- 3) All of Christ's miracles were acts of mercy.
  - a. Twenty-three of His thirty-five recorded miracles were miracles of healing.
  - b. Four words are used in the New Testament for Christ's miracles (**works, wonders, signs, and power**).
    - f. He is **immutable** (He does not change)  
"But thou are the same, and thy years shall not fail."  
(Heb. 1:12)  
"But this man, because he continueth ever, hath an unchangeable priesthood. (Heb. 7:24)

It is once again interactive time. Please circle the correct answer, fill in the blank space(s) of the Scripture passages, and circle the correct answer to a question as appropriate. All Scripture passages have been taken from the King James Version (KJV) of the Holy Bible.



1. Because Jesus was not only fully God but also fully man, Hebrews 4:15 lets us know that He can do what?
  - A. Not care how we feel
  - B. Empathize with us in our problems
  - C. Direct us to someone else who might be able to help
  - D. None of the above
  
2. Based on the Scriptures, Jesus possessed the essential elements of a physical nature. What are they?
  - A.
  - B.
  - C.
  
3. Jesus had human sinless infirmities. List two of them.
  - A.
  - B.
  
4. What is defined as an attitude of mind opposed to contentiousness? It is also defined as strength under control.
  - A. Bravery
  - B. Timidity
  - C. Meekness
  - D. None of the above
  
5. Jesus Christ performed human activities. Circle the one(s) that He did.

- A. He prayed
  - B. He worked
  - C. He learned
6. Define the following divine attributes of Jesus Christ.
- A. Omnipresent
  - B. Omniscient
  - C. Omnipotent
7. What was the motive of Christ's miracles?
8. Miracles were used by Christ for three reasons. What were they?
- A.
  - B.
  - C.
9. Twenty-three of Christ's recorded miracles were miracles of what?
- A. Forgiveness
  - B. Healing
  - C. Relief of debt
  - D. Bondage
10. What does it mean that Christ is immutable?

11. Complete the following biblical passages:

"Jesus Christ, the same \_\_\_\_\_, and \_\_\_\_\_, and for \_\_\_\_\_." (Hebrews 13:8)

12. "And \_\_\_\_\_ things, whatsoever ye shall ask in \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, ye shall \_\_\_\_\_." (Matthew 21:22)

13. "If ye then be \_\_\_\_\_ with Christ, \_\_\_\_\_ those things which are \_\_\_\_\_, where Christ \_\_\_\_\_ on the \_\_\_\_\_ hand of God." (Colossians 3:1)

14. "For we have not an \_\_\_\_\_ priest which cannot be \_\_\_\_\_ with the \_\_\_\_\_ of our \_\_\_\_\_; but was in all points \_\_\_\_\_ as we are, yet \_\_\_\_\_ sin."  
(Hebrews 4:15)

15. "Finally, brethren, whatsoever things are \_\_\_\_\_, whatsoever are \_\_\_\_\_, whatsoever things are \_\_\_\_\_, whatsoever things are \_\_\_\_\_, whatsoever things are of \_\_\_\_\_; if there be any \_\_\_\_\_, and if there be any \_\_\_\_\_, think on these things." (Philippians 4:8)

**Comment:** Try commit this passage in Philippians to memory. Here is a memory aid. Each letter represents a word or phrase in the verse. T - H - J - P - L - GDRPT - V - P - TOTT

Bonus Question: What does the phrase Hypostatic Union mean?

My sincere hope and prayer is that this material has been a blessing to you and as you continue to draw closer to our Lord and Savior Jesus Christ, you will become an even more convicted and effective witness for Him.

Please share the Good News of the Gospel of Jesus Christ with others.

Moreover, it is required in stewards that a man be found faithful.

In the Master's Service

//Pastor Austin//